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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/008,704	12/06/2001	Sang-Ho Ahn	9903-045	8392
7590 08/18/2005		EXAMINER		
MARGER JOHNSON & McCOLLOM, P.C.			TRAN, TAN N	
1030 S.W. Mon Portland, OR			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			2826	

DATE MAILED: 08/18/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	$\eta \sim \gamma$
Advisory Action	10/008,704	AHN ET AL.	
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit	
	TAN N. TRAN	2826	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 02 August 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	APPLICATION IN CONDITION	FOR ALLOWANCE.	
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or of this application, applicant must timely file one of the folked places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Nature at a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods: The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date. 	owing replies: (1) an amendme lotice of Appeal (with appeal fe nce with 37 CFR 1.114. The re	nt, affidavit, or other eviden e) in compliance with 37 CI	ce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
b) The period for reply expires 5 months from the mailing date of this no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire	Advisory Action, or (2) the date se		
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) o TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The dat have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of eunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office lat may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(NOTICE OF APPEAL	706.07(f). te on which the petition under 37 C extension and the corresponding are shortened statutory period for reper than three months after the mail b).	FR 1.136(a) and the appropriate nount of the fee. The approprially originally set in the final Officing date of the final rejection, e	e extension fee ate extension fee be action; or (2) as even if timely filed,
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in confiling the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any ext a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed. 	tension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS			
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection They raise new issues that would require further of They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE be They are not deemed to place the application in b appeal; and/or They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a) 	consideration and/or search (se low); etter form for appeal by materia a corresponding number of fina	e NOTE below);	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1. 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)	121. See attached Notice of No	on-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be non-allowable claim(s).		arate, timely filed amendme	nt canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pr The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: 20-29.50.51.71-80.82-101.116.118.12 Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 55-64.66-70 and 133. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:	ovided below or appended.	☑ will be entered and an e	xplanation of
 AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, because applicant failed to provide a showing of good a was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	out before or on the date of filing and sufficient reasons why the a	g a Notice of Appeal will <u>no</u> affidavit or other evidence is	t be entered necessary and
 9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filin entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessa 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under ary and was not earlier presente	appeal and/or appellant fai ed. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	s to provide a).
The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet.	out does NOT place the applica	tion in condition for allowar	ce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s) 13. Other:	. (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Pa	doub	lonton
		Minhloan Primary Ex Art Unit	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicant's arguments filed 08/02/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

It is argued, at pages 15,16 of the remarks, that "the applicant respectfully submits the subject matter of claim 71 that was incorporated into claim 55 does not constitute new matter. This feature is fully supported by the original application, and therefore is not new matter" and "the applicant's amendment of claim 55 to include this feature did not require further consideration and/or search, and the examiner's decision to perform additional consideration and/or search should not have resulted in a final office action to the detriment of the applicant". However, claim 71 is allowable because none of the references disclose or can be combined to yield the claimed invention such as the peripheral part protruding away from the die pad chip attaching part only in a direction away from the semiconductor chip as recited in reason for allowance in page 6 of previous office action sent on 06/02/05, but not allowable because of the bonding wires are directly connected to the portion of the inner leads. Moreover, the claimed structure of claim 71 is different from claimed structure of claim 55. Thus, the amended portion in claim 55 "directly" raises new issue that would require further consideration and/or search. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in the previous Office action. Accordingly, the previous office action was made final. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

It is argued, at page 16 of the remark, that "MPEP 2128 states if an electronic document which is the abstract of a printed publication is relied upon in a rejection under USC 102 or 103, only the text of the abstract (and not underlying document) may be relied upon to support the rejection". However, the Japanese patent translation is not electronic document and examiner provided the attachment translation for applicant easily understands the prior art.

It is argued, at page 17 of the remark, that "Noriyuki does not disclose that Figs. 1-3 are drawn to scale, it is silent as to the dimensions of the features shown in Figs. 1-3, and it does not discuss the thickness of the die pad 1 compared to the leads 3" and "Noriyuki fails to teach the feature of inner leads having a uniform second thickness that is greater than the uniform first thickness of the die pad". However, fig. 2 of Noriyuki does show inner leads of leads 3 having a uniform second thickness that is greater than the uniform first thickness of the die pad 1. see MPEP 2125 states that "Drawings and pictures can anticipate claims if they clearly show the structure which is claimed. In re Mraz, 455 F.2d 1069, 173 USPQ 25 (CCPA 1972). However, the picture must show all the claimed structural features and how they are put together. Jockmus v. Leviton, 28 F.2d 812 (2d Cir. 1928)." Moreover, although the reference does not explicitly teach the thickness of each of elements in the specification to provide evidence that thickness of the lead frame 3 is experimentally larger than the thickness of the die pad 1a. However, there is no evidence indicating that the thickness ratio of the inner lead 3 and the die pad is critical and it has been held that it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable thickness range of a result-effective variable within given prior art conditions by routine experimentation. See MPEP 2144.05. Note that the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed dimensions of any unexpected results arising there from. Where patentability is aid to be based upon particular chosen dimensions or upon another variable recited in a claim, the Applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. In re Woodruff, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).